



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Product identifier | RM-10® 3001 |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use | water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities: remediation activities and other waste management services |
| Recommended restrictions | Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations. |

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Company name | CETCO Energy Services Company, an MTI Company | | |
| Address | 2870 Fords Avenue Hoffman Estates Covington, IL 60192 United States | | |
| Telephone | General Information | 985 871-4700 | |
| Website | http://www.cetcoenergyservices.com/ | | |
| E-mail | safetydata@mineralstech.com | | |
| Emergency phone number | Emergency | 1.866.519.4752/1 760 476 3962 | |
| Americas | 1.866.519.4752 (US, Canada, Mexico) 1 760 476 3962 | | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, inhalation | Category 4 |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |



| | |
|--|--|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Harmful if inhaled. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. |

Supplemental information

16.34% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 25.14% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 19.44% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 22.44% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixtures**

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| QUARTZ (SIO ₂) | | 14808-60-7 | 3 - < 5 |
| ACTIVATED CARBON | ACTIVATED CARBON | 7440-44-0 | 3.1 |
| TRADE SECRET* | | Proprietary* | 3.1 |
| TRADE SECRET* | | Proprietary* | 3 |
| TRADE SECRET* | | Proprietary* | 2.7 |
| CRISTOBALITE | | 14464-46-1 | 1 - < 3 |
| Acrylamide | | 79-06-1 | < 0.1 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 80 - < 90 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Composition comments

Occupational Exposure Limits for impurities are listed in Section 8. This product contains naturally occurring crystalline silica (not listed in Annex I of Directive 67/548/EEC) in quantities less than 5%.

4. First-aid measures**Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures**Suitable extinguishing media**

Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Sweep up or gather material and place in appropriate container for disposal.

Large Spills: Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Large spills may be neutralized with dilute alkaline solutions of soda ash, or lime.

Environmental precautions

Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | PEL | 0.3 mg/m ³ | |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| TRADE SECRET | PEL | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|------------------------|----------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 1.2 mppcf | Respirable. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.1 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |
| TRADE SECRET | TWA | 0.1 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 20 mppcf | |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |
| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
| INERT OR NUISANCE DUSTS | TWA | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |
| | | 50 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | 15 mppcf | Respirable fraction. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | TWA | 0.03 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction and vapor. |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |
| TRADE SECRET | TWA | 5 mg/m3 2 mg/m3 | Respirable fraction. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | TWA | 0.03 mg/m3 | |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| TRADE SECRET | TWA | 5 mg/m3 2 mg/m3 | Respirable. |

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. Applicable for industrial settings only. Wear dust-resistant safety goggles where there is danger of eye contact.

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Applicable for industrial settings only. Impervious butyl rubber gloves.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Applicable for industrial settings only. Use of protective coveralls and long sleeves is recommended. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Respiratory protection

Use a particulate filter respirator for particulate concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit. Applicable for industrial settings only.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

| | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Powder. or Granular. |
| Color | Tan. |

Odor None.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH 7 - 9

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.00004 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) 100 %

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 2.41 g/cm³ estimated

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 0 % estimated

Specific gravity 2.41 estimated

VOC CARB

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products Toxic gas.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Harmful if inhaled. |
| Skin contact | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Ingestion | Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Eye irritation Harmful if inhaled. Skin irritation

| Product | Species | Test Results |
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
|----------------|----------------|---------------------|

RM-10® 3001

Acute

Dermal

| | | |
|------|-----|--------------|
| LD50 | Rat | 100000 mg/kg |
|------|-----|--------------|

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------------|
|-------------------|----------------|---------------------|

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Acute

Dermal

| | | |
|------|-----|-----------|
| LD50 | Rat | 400 mg/kg |
|------|-----|-----------|

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|-----------|
| LD50 | Rat | 124 mg/kg |
|------|-----|-----------|

ACTIVATED CARBON (CAS 7440-44-0)

Acute

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|---------------|
| LD50 | Rat | > 10000 mg/kg |
|------|-----|---------------|

CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)

Acute

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|---------------|
| LD50 | Rat | > 22500 mg/kg |
|------|-----|---------------|

TRADE SECRET

Acute

Oral

| | | |
|------|-----|------------|
| LD50 | Rat | 7340 mg/kg |
|------|-----|------------|

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. Possible cancer hazard - may cause cancer based on animal data.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans. |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |
| TRADE SECRET (CAS Proprietary) | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. |
| | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

| | |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | Cancer |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | Cancer |

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |
| | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Components of this product have been identified as having potential environmental concerns.

| Components | Species | | Test Results |
|--------------------------|---------|--|-------------------------|
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia | 98 mg/L, 48 Hours |
| Fish | LC50 | Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) | 81 - 150 mg/l, 96 hours |
| | | Fish | 109 mg/L, 96 Hours |
| TRADE SECRET | | | |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Fish | LC50 | Fish | 160 mg/L, 96 Hours |
| | | Zambezi barbel (<i>Clarias gariepinus</i>) | 33.8844 mg/l, 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Acrylamide -0.67

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel]
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations OSHA Process Safety Standard: This material is not known to be hazardous by the OSHA Highly Hazardous Process Safety Standard, 29 CFR 1910.119.
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

ACRYLAMIDE (CAS 79-06-1) 5000 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) Cancer
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Cancer
 CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) lung effects
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) lung effects
 CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) immune system effects
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) immune system effects
 CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) kidney effects
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) kidney effects

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

| Chemical name | CAS number | Reportable quantity (pounds) | Threshold planning quantity (pounds) | Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds) | Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds) |
|---------------|------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Acrylamide | 79-06-1 | 5000 | | 1000 | 10000 |

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No (Exempt)**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

| Chemical name | CAS number | % by wt. |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| Acrylamide | 79-06-1 | < 0.1 |

Other federal regulations**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.**US state regulations** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.**California Proposition 65****WARNING:** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. This product can expose you to chemicals including Acrylamide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) Listed: January 1, 1990
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) Listed: February 25, 2011

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) Listed: February 25, 2011

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)
 CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)
 QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)
 TRADE SECRET (CAS Proprietary)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Issue date | 25-April-2014 |
| Revision date | 21-June-2019 |
| Version # | 32 |
| Further information | This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 3* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings | Health: 3 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0 |
| Disclaimer | <p>The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The manufacturer expressly does not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness nor assumes any liability, for its use. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for each particular use.</p> <p>Third party materials: Insofar as materials not manufactured or supplied by this manufacturer are used in conjunction with, or instead of this product, it is the responsibility of the customer to obtain, from the manufacturer or supplier, all technical data and other properties relating to these and other materials and to obtain all necessary information relating to them. No liability can be accepted in respect of the use of this product in conjunction with materials from another supplier. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. CETCO Energy Services Company, an MTI Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.</p> |