



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Product identifier | RM-10® 2004 |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use | Not available. |
| Recommended restrictions | Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations. |

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Company name | CETCO Energy Services Company, an MTI Company | | |
| Address | 2870 Fords Avenue Hoffman Estates Covington, IL 60192 United States | | |
| Telephone | General Information | 985 871-4700 | |
| Website | http://www.cetcoenergyservices.com/ | | |
| E-mail | safetydata@mineralstech.com | | |
| Emergency phone number | Emergency | 1.866.519.4752/1 760 476 3962 | |
| Americas | 1.866.519.4752 (US, Canada, Mexico) 1 760 476 3962 | | |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Acute toxicity, oral | Category 4 |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 1A |
| | Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |

Label elements



| | |
|--|--|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Harmful if swallowed. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. |
| Response | If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. |

Supplemental information

9.39% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 10.89% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 9.39% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 10.89% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixtures**

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| QUARTZ (SIO ₂) | | 14808-60-7 | 5 - < 10 |
| CRISTOBALITE | | 14464-46-1 | 1 - < 3 |
| TRADE SECRET* | | Proprietary* | 1.5 |
| Other components below reportable levels | | | 90 - 100 |

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Composition comments

Occupational Exposure Limits for impurities are listed in Section 8. This product contains naturally occurring crystalline silica (not listed in Annex I of Directive 67/548/EEC) in quantities less than 6%.

4. First-aid measures**Inhalation**

If exposed to excessive levels of dusts or fumes, remove to fresh air and get medical attention if cough or other symptoms develop. Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, seek medical attention. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures**Suitable extinguishing media**

Dry chemical, CO₂, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Sweep up or gather material and place in appropriate container for disposal.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Large spills may be neutralized with dilute alkaline solutions of soda ash, or lime.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Do not breathe dust. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. No special restrictions on storage with other products. Store in original tightly closed container. No special storage conditions required. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|------------------------|------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | PEL | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable dust. |

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|------------------------|----------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 1.2 mppcf | Respirable. |
| | | 0.1 mg/m ³ | Respirable. |
| | | 2.4 mppcf | Respirable. |
| Impurities | Type | Value | Form |
| INERT OR NUISANCE DUSTS | TWA | 5 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| | | 15 mg/m ³ | Total dust. |
| | | 50 mppcf | Total dust. |
| | | 15 mppcf | Respirable fraction. |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|---|------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.025 mg/m ³ | Respirable fraction. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|------------|------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | TWA | 0.05 mg/m3 | Respirable dust. |

| | |
|--|---|
| Biological limit values | No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s). |
| Exposure guidelines | Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. |
| Appropriate engineering controls | If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits. |
| Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment | |
| Eye/face protection | Wear dust goggles. Eye wash fountain is recommended. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Impervious butyl rubber gloves. |
| Other | Use of an impervious apron is recommended. Use of protective coveralls and long sleeves is recommended. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. |
| Respiratory protection | Use a particulate filter respirator for particulate concentrations exceeding the Occupational Exposure Limit. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Powder. |
| Color | Tan. |
| Odor | None. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | 3.5 |
| Melting point/freezing point | Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
| Flash point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | 0.00001 hPa estimated |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | 100 % |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Explosive properties | Not explosive. |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing. |
| Percent volatile | 0 % estimated |
| VOC | CARB |

10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Stable at normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. None known. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | None known. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
| Skin contact | No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected. |
| Eye contact | Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. |
| Ingestion | Harmful if swallowed. |

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Eye irritation Harmful if swallowed. Skin irritation

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 22500 mg/kg |

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Respiratory sensitization | Not a respiratory sensitizer. |
| Skin sensitization | This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. |

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003) According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. May cause cancer. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

| | |
|---|---------------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | 1 Carcinogenic to humans. |

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

| | |
|---|--------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | Cancer |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | Cancer |

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

| | |
|---|--|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |
| | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen. |
| QUARTZ (SiO ₂) (CAS 14808-60-7) | Known To Be Human Carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

According to the current state of the art, worker protection against silicosis can be consistently assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Components of this product have been identified as having potential environmental concerns.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|--|--|
| Disposal instructions | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Local disposal regulations | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations OSHA Process Safety Standard: This material is not known to be hazardous by the OSHA Highly Hazardous Process Safety Standard, 29 CFR 1910.119.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | Cancer |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | Cancer |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | lung effects |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | lung effects |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | immune system effects |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | immune system effects |
| CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1) | kidney effects |
| QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7) | kidney effects |

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

California Proposition 65



WARNING: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. This product can expose you to QUARTZ (SIO2), which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)

Listed: October 1, 1988

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

CRISTOBALITE (CAS 14464-46-1)

QUARTZ (SIO2) (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | No |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | No |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 24-April-2015

Revision date 30-July-2018

Version # 15

Further information This safety datasheet only contains information relating to safety and does not replace any product information or product specification. HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

HMIS® ratings Health: 3*
Flammability: 0
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 0
Instability: 0

Disclaimer

The manufacturer expressly does not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness nor assumes any liability, for its use. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for each particular use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication.

The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. GETCO Energy Services Company, an MTI Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.